



ORIENTAÇÕES DE ESTUDOS PARA O ENSINO FUNDAMENTAL 6º- 9º ANO

Componente Curricular	Professor(a)	Classe / Turma	Data
Inglês	Luciana	7ACD	10/08/09

Aluno(a):

7th year

The exercises must be given to the teacher in the first English class as soon as the classes start again.

(Entregar estes exercícios respondidos no primeiro dia de aula de Inglês quando as aulas recommencem.)

Serão consideradas para efeito de **avaliação** as atividades propostas e enviadas através do site, inclusive a atividade sobre o livro ***Fly away home***.

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REVIEW EXERCISES

PRESENT SIMPLE / PRESENT CONTINUOUS

<u>PRESENT SIMPLE</u>	<u>PRESENT CONTINUOUS</u>
<p>The present simple expresses a permanent state or an action which is repeated.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: David works for a big company. He works from 9 to 5 every day. He doesn't go to the company by car. He goes by bus.</p>	<p>The present continuous expresses a temporary situation, that is, an action happening at or around the moment of speaking.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: David is having dinner with his family now. He isn't working.</p>

* Some verbs **don't have** continuous form (-ing form). These include:

believe / belong / forget / hate / hear / know / like / love / need / remember / smell / see / think / understand / want / mean / remember :

1. Present Simple or Present Continuous ?

- Look! It _____ (snow). We are going to have a white Christmas.
- Bob _____ (watch) the news on TV every morning.
- I have to go now. It _____ (get) dark.
- On line courses _____ (require) self-discipline.
- Don't go. Bob still _____ (need) to talk to you.
- At the moment, he _____ (learn) German for his job.

7. John usually _____ (take) a taxi to go to work.
8. Cibebe _____ (not / understand) Portuguese.
9. Listen! The kids _____ (sing) a song.
10. Those boys _____ (not / live) in Washington; they _____ (live) in New York.
11. Some people _____ (swim) at the moment.
12. My little brother _____ (cry) every morning.
13. Anita hardly ever _____ (go) to the club in the morning.
14. Michael and Chris _____ (have) a cup of tea at the moment.
15. This book _____ (belong) to my sister.

2. Read the text and answer the exercises:

“CHRISTMAS AROUND THE WORLD”

On Christmas Eve, December 24th, people in Poland don't eat much in the day. In the evening, Polish families go out and look for the "Little Star". When they see the first star in the sky, they go home, celebrate, and eat a big meal. Then they sit around their Christmas trees, tell stories, and sing songs.

In Australia, it is summer at Christmas time. The weather is usually hot, and people decorate their homes with summer flowers called Christmas Bells. A lot of Australians have a cold Christmas lunch. Some people have a barbecue in the yard or on the beach.

Iceland has thirteen Santas. The first one visits people's homes on December 12th, thirteen days before Christmas. A different Santa comes every day and leaves a present for the children. After Christmas, they go home again one by one. The last one goes home on January 6th. This day is called the "13th" in Iceland.

Source: Book – Chit Chat - Oxford

- **Read the text and write (A) Australia, (I) Iceland and (P) Poland:**

- a. () Christmas is in summer.
- b. () People don't eat much on Christmas Eve until the evening.
- c. () They have many Santas.
- d. () They have flowers in their homes.
- e. () A star is important.
- f. () December 12th is a special day.

- Answer these questions in English:

a. In Poland, when do people eat on Christmas Eve? _____

b. How do they celebrate after they eat? _____

c. In Australia, what is the name of a special flower? _____

d. Where do some Australians eat their Christmas lunch? _____

e. How many Santas does Iceland have? _____

f. What does each Santa leave for the children? _____